







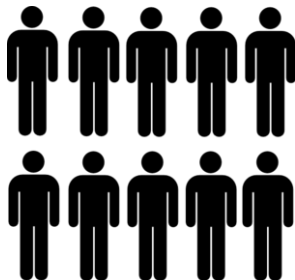












Unit 2 Vocabulary




Democracy in Ancient Athens

Term	Definition	Picture
Latitude	The distance north or south of the equator, measured in degrees north or south.	
Longitude	The distance east or west of the Prime Meridian, measured in degrees east or west.	
Cardinal Directions	Any way that one may face or point, based upon the four main directions of the compass; north, south, east, and west.	
Social Structure	The roles and responsibilities of the different people in a society, which shape how the society functions.	

Class	A rank or division in the social structure of a society.	
Rights	A just (fair) claim, title, or privilege.	
Responsibilities	Something for which one is accountable or answerable.	
Agora	The market in ancient Athens. Often thought of as the heart of the city.	
Boule	The council in ancient Athens, which consisted of 500 representatives of the people. The Boule met at a special building called the Bouleterion	

Bouleterion	The place in ancient Athens where the Boule met.	
Assembly	All <u>citizens</u> that paid taxes. Voted on major decisions.	
Direct Democracy	A way of making decisions in which everyone in a group votes (no representatives are involved).	
Dowry	A property or money brought to a husband by his bride at marriage.	
Artisan	A person skilled in some industry or trade; craftsman	

Constitution	A set of principles that lays out the rules of how a country will be governed.	
Minority	The smaller number or part; less than half.	
Majority	The larger number or part; more than half.	
Philosopher	A person who studies philosophy, which is the study of the truth or principles underlying all knowledge of the universe.	
Unanimous	Formed by or showing complete accord; having the consent of everyone.	

<p>Ostracize</p>	<p>An ancient Greek method of banishing unpopular or dangerous citizens for a number of years by popular vote, without a trial or formal accusation.</p>	
<p>Bribe</p>	<p>Anything given or offered to get someone to do something dishonest or illegal for the benefit of the giver.</p>	
<p>Justice</p>	<p>Upholding just, fair, and equitable treatment, and providing due reward in accordance with honour, standards, or law.</p>	
<p>Pnyx Hill</p>	<p>The Assembly met here once a week. All <u>citizens</u> who paid their taxes could speak with those being over 50 speaking first.</p>	